

PNGX EQUITIES • FIXED INCOME • INVESTOR EDUCATION

ISSUED

w/e 10 Jul 2026

COVERAGE

PNGX-listed equities

PERIOD

06 – 10 July 2026

PLC eases from its blowout; turnover settles to K6.69m

TOTAL TRADING VALUE

K6.69m**vs K14.67m**

–54% on prior week

TOTAL VOLUME

4,251,918**vs 6,363,297**

–33% on prior week

STOCKS TRADED

5 of 10

—

BSP, KSL, STO, CCP, PLC

MARKET YIELD (LTM)

5.51%**flat wow**

weighted-avg, legacy methodology

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GENERAL ADVICE WARNING

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WEEKLY TRADE COMMENTARY

PNGX EQUITY MARKET — WEEK ENDING 10 JULY 2026

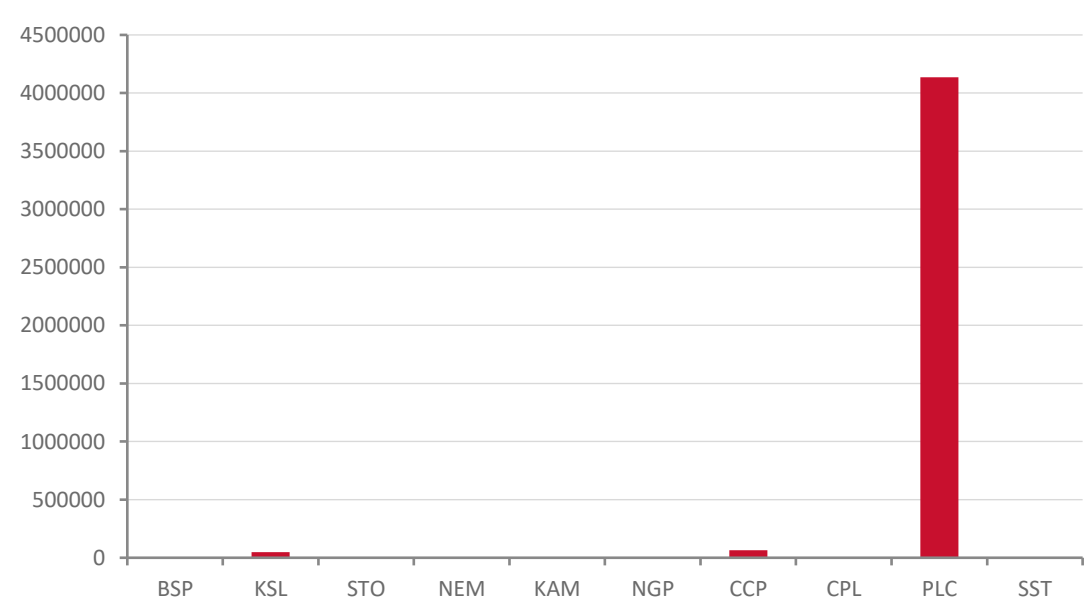
Activity cooled from last week’s PLC blowout — turnover fell 54% to K6.69m and volume eased 33% to 4.25m shares, though PLC still dominated. PLC traded 4,136,166 shares, steady at K1.48, for K6.12m — still over 90% of the market. CCP was next most active at 65,016 shares steady at K4.66 (Ko.30m), and KSL traded 49,541 shares but softened 11t to K4.74. BSP firmed 5t to K27.95 on just 945 shares, and STO edged up 1t to K22.37 on 250. CPL and the rest sat out.

PRICE & VOLUME

STOCK	VOLUME	CLOSE (K)	VALUE (K)	CHANGE	CHANGE %
BSP	945	27.95	26,372.80	+0.05	+0.18%
KSL	49,541	4.74	233,512.09	-0.11	-2.22%
STO	250	22.37	5,592.50	+0.01	+0.04%
NEM	—	490.00	—	—	—
KAM	—	2.12	—	—	—
NGP	—	1.36	—	—	—
CCP	65,016	4.66	302,620.66	—	—
CPL	—	0.85	—	—	—
PLC	4,136,166	1.48	6,121,525.68	—	—
SST	—	50.00	—	—	—
TOTAL	4,251,918		6,689,623.73		+0.03%

Source: PNGX matched on-market trades, week ending 10 July 2026. JMP Securities analysis.

WEEKLY VOLUME



Volume by counter (shares matched). PLC still dominates at 4.14m shares — over 90% of the market; CCP 65k, KSL 50k and STO/BSP minor follow. NEM, KAM, NGP, CPL and SST did not trade.

DIVIDEND YIELD

PNGX-LISTED EQUITIES — TRAILING-TWELVE-MONTH YIELDS

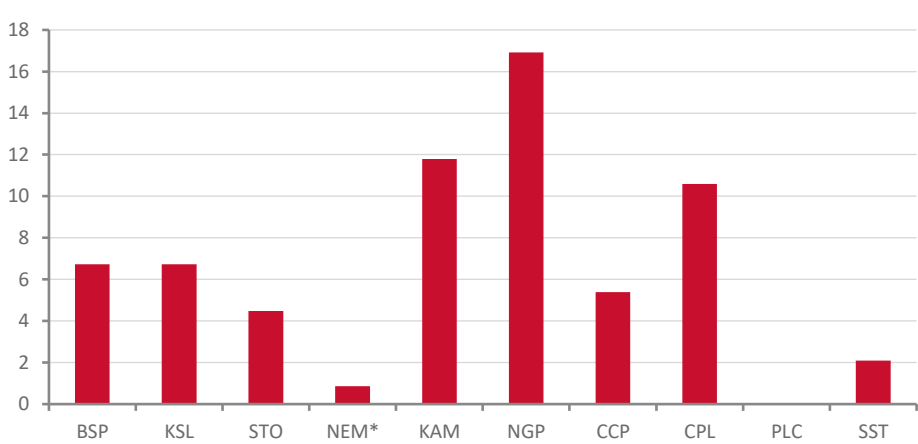
Market-wide LTM dividend yield held at 4.77% this week (weighted by market cap, legacy methodology), steady week on week. KSL’s yield ticked up to 6.73% as it eased to K4.74, while BSP held at 6.73% on its move to K27.95. NGP (16.91%) still leads, with KAM (11.79%) and CPL (10.59%) next. BSP (6.73%), KSL (6.73%), CCP (5.39%) and STO (4.48%) follow, with SST at 2.10%. PLC remains pre-dividend.

DIVIDEND TABLE (PGK)

STOCK	ISSUED SHARES	MKT CAP (K)	INT 24 (K)	FIN 24 (K)	INT 25 (K)	FIN 25 (K)	YIELD %
BSP	467,317,665	13,061,528,737	0.450	1.210	0.500	1.380	6.73%
KSL	294,332,296	1,395,135,083	0.106	0.155	0.126	0.193	6.73%
STO	3,261,616,703	72,929,749,479	0.506	0.414	0.559	0.443	4.48%
NEM*	1,097,000,000	537,530,000,000	—	2.110	2.110	USD \$0.260	0.86%
KAM	53,259,588	112,910,327	0.200	—	0.250	—	11.79%
NGP	45,890,700	62,411,352	0.040	0.120	0.040	0.190	16.91%
CCP	307,931,332	1,434,960,007	0.120	0.121	0.121	0.130	5.39%
CPL	206,277,911	175,336,224	—	—	0.050	0.040	10.59%
PLC	860,718,662	1,273,863,620	—	—	—	—	—
SST	31,008,237	1,550,411,850	0.400	0.300	0.400	0.650	2.10%
TOTAL / WEIGHTED-AVG							5.51%

LTM = Last twelve months. Yields use most recently declared interim and final dividends. NEM dividends in USD until PGK rate announced; NEM excluded from market-wide yield. PLC now added.

YIELD % (LTM)



THE DIVIDEND YIELD FORMULA

$$\text{Dividend Yield} = \frac{\text{Annual Dividends per Share}}{\text{Current Share Price}} \times 100$$

Calculated by dividing a company's annual dividends per share by its current share price, expressed as a percentage.

KEY MARKET ANNOUNCEMENTS

PNGX-LISTED COMPANIES — WEEK ENDING 10 JULY 2026

It was a quiet week for disclosures — a single PNGX filing. KSL published a Market Guidance Announcement; no other listed company lodged a market announcement during the week.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

STOCK	ANNOUNCEMENT	SOURCE
KSL	Market Guidance Announcement	pngx.com.pg/.../KSL-Market-Guidance-Announcement-Final-7-July-2026.pdf

Source: PNGX market announcements, 06 – 10 July 2026.

BPNG TREASURY BILL AUCTION

DOMESTIC MARKETS DEPARTMENT — MONEY MARKETS OPERATIONS UNIT



AUCTION *08-JUL-26 / GOI / Government Treasury Bill*

SETTLEMENT *10-JUL-26*

AMOUNT ON OFFER

K270.0m

OVER-SUBSCRIBED BY K85.59M

TERMS	ISSUE / 63	ISSUE / 91	ISSUE / 182	ISSUE / 273	ISSUE / 364	TOTAL
Weighted Avg Yield	—	—	4.85%	4.99%	5.01%	
Amount on Offer (K'm)	—	—	20.00	50.00	200.00	270.00
Bids Received (K'm)	—	—	22.75	78.00	254.84	355.59
Successful Bids (K'm)	—	—	20.00	50.00	200.00	270.00
Over / (Under) Subscribed (K'm)	—	—	+2.75	+28.00	+54.84	+85.59

Source: Bank of Papua New Guinea — Domestic Markets Department, T-Bill auction 08 July 2026 (settlement 10 July 2026).

BPNG GOVERNMENT BOND AUCTION

NO NEW ISSUANCE WEEK ENDING 10 JULY 2026

AUCTION *23-JUN-26 / GOB / Government Bond*

SETTLEMENT *26-JUN-26*

AMOUNT ON OFFER

K200.0m

NET SUBSCRIPTION K169.25M

SERIES	AMOUNT ON OFFER (K'm)	BIDS RECEIVED (K'm)	SUCCESSFUL BIDS (K'm)	SUCCESSFUL YIELD	WEIGHTED AVG RATE	COUPON RATE	NET SUBSCRIPTION (K'm)
Issue ID 2026/5057 — 3 yr	20.00	49.00	49.00	6.11–6.20%	6.16%	6.20%	+29.00
Issue ID 2026/5058 — 5 yr	50.00	110.50	72.50	6.30–6.43%	6.40%	6.60%	+60.50
Issue ID 2026/5059 — 7 yr	40.00	112.50	62.50	6.48–6.59%	6.56%	6.70%	+72.50
Issue ID 2026/5060 — 10 yr	50.00	55.65	55.65	6.30–6.73%	6.72%	6.80%	+5.65
Issue ID 2026/5061 — 15 yr	40.00	41.60	0.00	—	—	7.20%	+1.60
TOTAL	200.00	369.25	239.65				+169.25

Source: Bank of Papua New Guinea — Domestic Markets Department, GOB auction 23 June 2026 (settlement 26 June 2026).

WHAT IS INVESTMENT BANKING (IB)?

Investment banking is the branch of finance that helps corporations, governments and large institutions raise capital and navigate major transactions. Rather than serving everyday retail customers, investment banks act as intermediaries between organizations that need money — or need to buy or sell something big — and the investors who supply it.

At its core an investment bank sits between two groups: clients (companies and governments needing capital or advice) and investors (who supply it). It earns fees and commissions on deals rather than income from customer deposits — which is what separates it from a commercial or retail bank.

A special note on restructuring: when a company is in financial distress, bankers renegotiate debt terms with lenders out of court or guide the company (or its creditors) through formal insolvency. This group tends to get busiest when the economy is weak — exactly when other deal flow dries up.

CORE FUNCTIONS

01

Capital raising

Underwriting IPOs, follow-on share offerings and bond issuance — essentially pricing and selling new securities to investors on a client's behalf.

02

M&A advisory

Advising companies on mergers, acquisitions, divestitures and restructurings, including valuation, deal structuring and negotiation support.

03

Sales & trading

Executing trades for clients and making markets in stocks, bonds and derivatives — connecting buyers and sellers and providing liquidity.

04

Restructuring

Renegotiating debt with lenders out of court or guiding a distressed company through insolvency. Counter-cyclical: busiest when the economy is weak and other deal flow dries up.

FEATURED READ

Why a hawkish Fed won't necessarily wake the bears

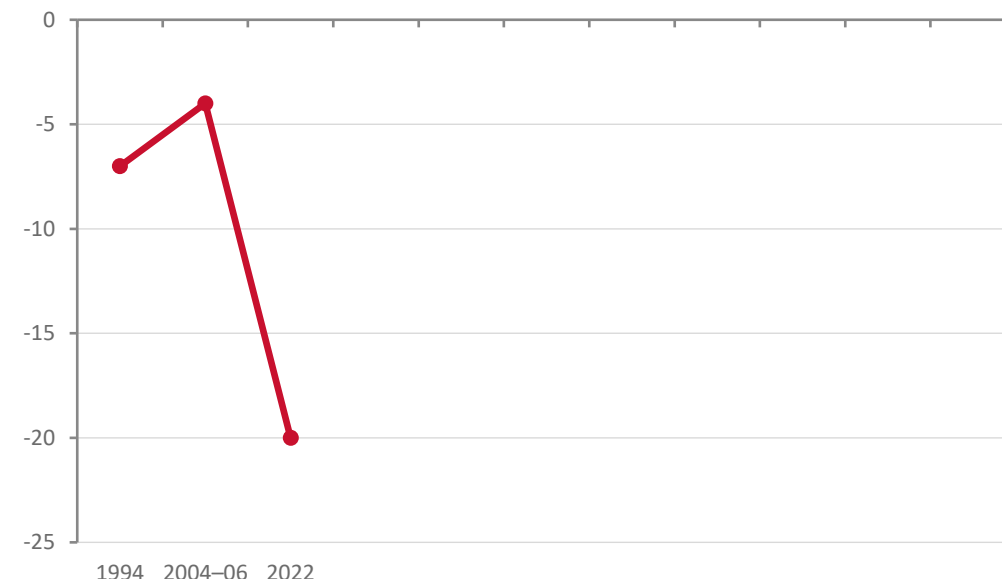
Monthly Bell — Bell Potter • Rob Crookston, Strategist

The Fed's June meeting marked a turning point: for the first time this cycle the bond market has stopped pricing cuts and started pricing hikes. As recently as February traders saw about 35bps of cuts over the coming year; that has flipped to roughly 40bps of hikes by year-end, driven by an energy shock from the Iran conflict and a stabilising US labour market. Nine of eighteen FOMC members now see the funds rate ending 2026 higher.

The instinct to sell into a hiking Fed misreads history. Since 1971 the S&P 500 has averaged a 9% gain in the twelve months after a Fed hike — higher than the 7.7% after a cut. The Fed hikes when the economy runs hot, so strong earnings offset higher rates; it cuts when it fears recession. Drawdown depth tracks how much control the Fed lost over inflation — shallow in the pre-emptive 1994 and 2004-06 cycles, near 20% in 2022.

JMP read: For PNG-facing portfolios the more direct channel is the currency. Bell Potter flags the Australian dollar as the clearest near-term casualty of a hawkish Fed as the AUD-US rate gap narrows — relevant for kina cross-rates and import costs. The equity message is calmer: a hiking Fed, starting from a higher base with anchored inflation expectations, has historically been survivable for stocks, with the AI-capex cost of capital the main risk to watch.

FIGURE — DRAWDOWNS BY HIKING CYCLE



Source: Bell Potter; LSEG DataStream. S&P 500 peak-to-trough drawdown across selected Fed hiking cycles.

ALSO ON OUR DESK

- Since 1971 the S&P 500 has averaged +9% in the 12 months after a Fed hike — Bell Potter
- Drawdown depth tracks lost inflation control: shallow in 1994/2004, ~20% in 2022 — Bell Potter
- The Australian dollar looks the clearest near-term casualty of a hawkish Fed — Bell Potter

FOR FURTHER ENQUIRIES

*Speak to your equities trader for any orders,
research questions or market colour.*

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WHAT THIS REPORT COVERED THIS WEEK

- Weekly trade activity — 5 stocks traded, K6.69m value (–54% pw)
- Dividend yields — market-wide LTM 4.77% (steady; KSL eases to K4.74)
- 1 PNGX announcement — KSL market guidance
- BPNG T-Bill auction — over-subscribed by K85.59m
- BPNG bond auction — most recent (no new issuance this week)
- Investor Education — Investment Banking
- External research — Bell Potter on a hawkish Fed and equities

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